

Permegrid PG40 Grass Design Guidelines

All the design guidelines are written with best practice in mind. It is strongly advised that any questions raised from the guidelines are directed to our technical team.

When Permegrid PG40 porous pavers are installed correctly to suit site conditions, they should provide source control within Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems. Drainage must be a consideration when designing a construction profile to ensure that flood alleviation and water runoff is properly considered where natural filtration may be incapable of withstanding all eventualities.

When installing Permegrid PG40 the following should be considered:

- 1. a) Does the proposed installation area drain well already?
 - b) Is there planned to be a slight fall to be built into the design to perhaps aid drainage if aid is needed?
 - c) Is the drainage capability of the soils the same at the surface and at 200 to 500mm below the surface?
 - d) Has there been previous issues with drainage on site?
 - e) Has disposal of any excess water been considered?
 - f) Are there SUDS requirements to be considered?
- **2.** If a geogrid is being considered as part of the construction profile please ensure that at least 25% of the particle size of the sub-base is bigger than the mesh size used to ensure good locking.
- **3.** Sub-base particle size should not ideally exceed 60mm and should be less than 5% fines material of content of the whole.
- **4.** Please refer to tables 1 and 2 for guidelines to depth of sub-base for specific design profile to suit site needs. Please note if Permegrid is omitted 50% of the depth of sub-base needs to be added to calculated depth with a Permegrid. For example, 100mm with Permegrid would become 150mm without. For detailed guidance please contact our technical team.
- **5.** It is always good practice to confine Permegrid PG40 plastic pavers on the site edges. This could be as strong as $150 \times 150 \text{mm}$ concrete kerbs or a simple barrier like treated timber. The type of vehicles, frequency of traffic and circulation routes should all be considered when choosing the confinement method for Permegrid PG40 in the design.



- **6.** Permegrid PG40 has been designed to work within stated guidelines to a slope of 5% or less. The Permegrid PG40 can be used on steeper slopes in some cases.
- **7.** Ideally the sub-base should extend out further than the surface area of Permegrid PG40. This is so lateral pressure caused by the traffic loading does not displace the Permegrid PG40 on the edge. The extension of sub-base outwards should be the same as the depth of the sub-base.
- **8.** Root zone 60/40 should be used for the bedding and filling of the cells of the Permegrid PG40 grass pavers.

Using soils won onsite/reused from excavation are very likely NOT to have any medium to long term success due to poor nutrition and drainage properties. Mixing soils on site is also not advised.

Note on drainage

Any sub-base used in the construction profile should be permeable – for example MOT Type 3. It should be predominantly fines free material and able to compact well without losing integrity, stability and permeability/porosity. MOT type 1 can be used but drainage channels need to be considered – please see schematic.



Table 1 – Guidance for estimating sub-grade strengths

Indicator			Product		
			Mechanical	CBR	CU
Consistency	Tactile (feel)	Visual (observation)	SPT	%	kN/sqm
Very Soft	Hand samples squeezes through fingers	Man standing will sink >75 mm	< 2	< 1	< 25
Soft	Easily moulded by finger pressure	Man walking sinks 50 – 70 mm	2 - 4	Around 1	Around 25
Medium	Moulded by moderate finger pressure	Man walking sinks 25 mm	4 - 8	1 - 2	25 - 40
Firm	Moulded by strong finger pressure	Utility truck ruts 10 – 25 mm	8 - 15	2 - 4	40 - 75
Stiff	Cannot be moulded but can be indented by thumb	Loading construction vehicle ruts by 25 mm	15 - 30	4 - 6	75 - 100

Sub-base Thickness

Use the following charts to confirm the sub-base thickness that is required, based on vehicle load, frequency of use and Soil Strength (CBR %).

Table 2 – Typical sub-base thickness using Permegrid PG40

Consistency	CBR % (Strength of	Sub Base
	Subgrade Soil)	Thickness
	= 1 < 2	260 mm
Light Vehicles, Cars, Vans	= 2 < 4	135 mm
And Overflow Parking	= 4 < 6	100 mm
	≤ 6	100 mm
	= 1 < 2	380 mm
Coaches, Lorries, Fire Trucks	= 2 < 4	190 mm
And Occasional HGV Areas	= 4 < 6	120 mm
	≤ 6	100 mm